Engine Assembly Tips – In No Particular Order Mike Dawson THE PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE SERIES

- 1. When chasing threads, remember that head studs, non-turbo intake studs, rear mounting studs and exhaust manifold clamp studs have a special thread.
- 2. Clean all oil holes in crankcase and crankshaft; remove Allen plugs in the end of the lifter bore. Check the oiling groves in the crankshaft main bearing areas for incomplete tooling.
- 3. Use spacers if boring cylinders .030 or greater; calculate thickness needed, and use sealer.
- 4. Check oil pressure regulator operation and install a new set of pump gears and spring. Clean, sand and epoxy seal the oil pump dummy shaft where it exits the aluminum casting.
- 5. Heat shrink a new cam gear; do not press the cold gear on the cam better yet, get a "fail safe" gear.
- 6. Use blue Loctite on crankcase nuts and rod nuts, be sure piston arrows (or divots) point to front of car.
- 7. Offset ring gap on top half of piston; most ring instructions are not for flat engines.
- 8. Check TDC on #1 against keyways in cam and crank for double check of cam timing.
- 9. Torque heads before installing top cover in case you need an insert installed for a stud in an open hole.
- 10. You **must** use antisieze when installing crankcase studs; also remember they are special threads. Make sure that no head studs protrude into the crankcase where the holes are open.
- 11. Remember to install air deflectors under cylinders before installing pushrod tubes.
- 12. The short flange of the pushrod tube fits into the crankcase.
- 13. Oil hole in side of push rod installs to the rocker arm end; the U on the pushrod tube retainer faces out.
- 14. The flywheel end main bearing is different than the other two similar center bearings. Check numbers.
- 15. Flex plate is installed with the concave side towards engine; the opposite can damage the transmission.
- 16. Polish crankshaft and pulley/balancer hub where main seals run and pack grease between the seal lips.
- 17. Use Coppercoat or RTV on paper gaskets other than the oil pan. Use RTV on paper gasket with 10 ft.lbs. on a "straightened"oil pan. No sealer on rubber valve cover gaskets; tighten until the spring reinforcement bends in and just touches the valve cover. Use new Grade 8 bolts.
- 18. Secure top cover with Grade 8 bolts 1/4" longer than original and use blue loctite, flat and lock washer, torque to 15 ft.lbs. Special bolts are available as a kit from vendors.
- 19. Double check your valve adjustment by looking for the same number of threads showing beyond the nut for each stud on the same side.
- 20. Clean flashing from heads for proper cooling and straighten fins; use a keyhole saw and long 1/8 bit.
- 21. Chamfer the inside edge of bored cylinders to accept rings. (The original chamfer was lost)
- 22. Most important, always have the valve seats professionally "staked" or "peened". Avoid used late model cast pistons since they have a history of cracking at the oil ring groove.

There could be lots more, but this is a page full of things to keep in mind when you invest money and your most valuable time.